

TASMANIAN STATISTICAL INDICATORS

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■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Mary Eagle on Hobart 03 6222 5812.

NOTES

ISSUE

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

September 2001	10 September 2001
October 2001	10 October 2001
November 2001	11 November 2001
December 2001	10 December 2001
January 2002	10 January 2002
February 2002	10 February 2002

RELEASE DATE

INTRODUCTION

This publication contains latest figures for a comprehensive range of economic indicators. Statistics shown in this publication are the latest available at the date of preparation and may be subject to revision in subsequent issues.

Reference should therefore always be made to the latest issue or to the statistical publication on the specific subject.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION

- Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of 2 normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
- The smoothing of seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular components of the seasonally adjusted series and creates trend estimates. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series.
- While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced for the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller and after 3 months have a negligible impact on the series.
- A number of ABS data series will reflect significent and subsequent impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS), introduced in Australia from 1 July 2000. Further information can be found in Information Paper: ABS Statistics and The New Tax System(cat. no. 1358.0).

Stevan R. Matheson Regional Director, Tasmania

MAIN FEATURES

THE LABOUR FORCE

Trend estimates

There were an estimated 216,000 persons (based on trend estimates) in the labour force in June 2002 and an estimated 374,000 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 years or more, yielding a labour force participation rate of 57.8%, compared to 58.4% in June 2001. The Australian labour force participation rate for June 2002 was 63.6%, decreasing from the June 2001 estimate of 63.8% (see table 39 and Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0)).

For Tasmanian males, the trend estimate of the participation rate was 65.8% in June 2002 compared to 67.2% in June 2001. For Tasmanian females, the trend estimate of the participation rate was 50.2% in June 2002, compared to 50.2% in June 2001 (see table 3).

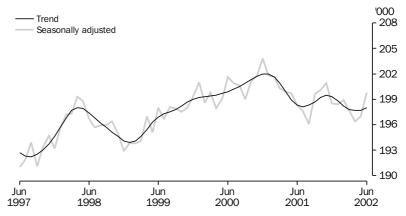
EMPLOYMENT

State comparisons

Trend estimates

There was a decrease of 0.2% in the number of Tasmanians employed over the 12 months to June 2002. Employment over the same period increased in New South Wales by 0.9%, Victoria by 1.7%, Queensland by 2.7%, South Australia by 3.0% and Western Australia by 2.3%. The increase in the national employment figure over the same period was 1.7% (see table 39 and Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0)).

EMPLOYMENT, TASMANIA

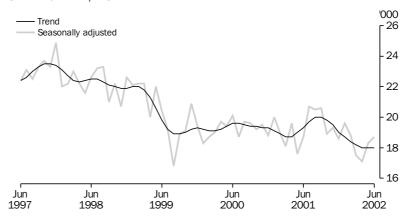


UNEMPLOYMENT

Trend estimates

The trend estimate of the number of unemployed persons in Tasmania for June 2002 was 18,000, compared to 19,300 in June 2001. The trend estimate of the unemployment rate for June 2002 was 8.3% compared to 8.9% in June 2001. The Australian trend estimate of the unemployment rate was 6.3% in June 2002 compared to 6.8% in June 2001 (see table 3 and 39, and Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0)).

UNEMPLOYMENT, TASMANIA

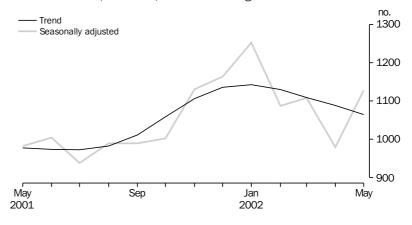


HOUSING FINANCE

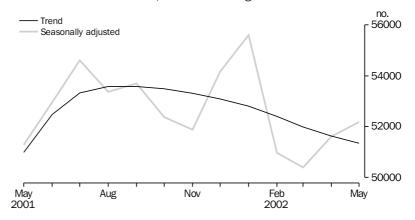
Trend estimates

The latest trend series for the number of housing finance commitments in Tasmania shows a 2.1% decrease between April and May 2002. The trend series shows an overall increase of 8.9% between May 2001 and May 2002. The national trend series shows an increase of 0.7% from May 2001 to May 2002 with a decrease of 0.5% between April 2002 and May 2002.

HOUSING FINANCE, TASMANIA, Number of Dwellings



HOUSING FINANCE AUSTRALIA, Number of dwellings



The latest trend series for the total value of commitments for Tasmania shows a 1.1% decrease between April and May 2002. The trend series showed an increase of 20.8% from May 2001 to May 2002. The national trend series shows the total value of commitments having increased by 0.2% between April 2002 and May 2002 with an increase of 11.4% between May 2001 and May 2002. (see table 28 and Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (cat. no. 5609.0).

BUILDING APPROVALS

Original terms

There were 165 dwelling units approved during May 2002, including 161 new houses. This compares to 165 dwelling units approved during April 2002. The number of dwelling units approved increased from the 134 approvals recorded in May 2001. The number of dwelling units approved in the 12 months to May 2002 (2,016) rose 73.3% from those approved in the 12 months to May 2001 (1,163).

At current prices, the value of total building was \$36.0m in May 2002, 30.9% above the April 2002 figure of \$27.5m and 21.1% below the May 2001 figure of \$45.6m. Residential building contributed \$24.4m and non-residential building \$11.6m in May 2002 (see table 27 and Building Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0)).

SALES OF NEW MOTOR **VEHICLES**

Trend estimates

In trend terms, the number of New Motor Vehicles sold increased from 1,271 in May 2002 to 1,275 in June 2002. In trend terms, the number of New Motor Vehicles sold increased by 16.0% from the June 2001 figure of 1,099. Nationally, the *trend* estimate of New Motor Vehicles sold in June 2002 was 67,887, an increase of 7.5% from the June 2001 figure of 63,172. Passenger vehicles represented 61.4% of all new vehicles registered in Tasmania in June 2002.

These statistics replace the New Motor Vehicle Registrations collection. They are based on VFACTS series produced by the Federal Chamber of Automotive Industries. VFACTS reports the numbers of new motor vehicle sales by dealers and direct sales by manufacturers throughout Australia. (see table 34 and 9314.0 Sales of New Motor Vehicles (cat no. 9314 Available as Electronic Publication Only).

RETAIL

Trend estimates

In trend terms, the estimate of retail turnover in Australia for May 2002 was \$14,475.6m, a 7.8% increase from the May 2001 estimate of \$13,424.9m. In trend terms, the estimate of retail turnover in Tasmania for May 2002 was \$309.4m, 6.1% above the figure recorded in May 2001 (\$291.5m). (see table 35 and Retail Trade, Australia (cat. no. 8501.0)).

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERING

Trend estimates

Monthly movements of trend estimates showed increases in the three livestock slaughtering series, with cattle and calves up by 2.9%, sheep and lambs up by 7.1% and pigs up by 0.4%.

In May 2002, the *trend* estimate for the number of cattle and calves slaughtered was 16,600. This was down by 8.0% on the estimate for May 2001 and down by 22.5% on the estimate for May 2000.

The trend estimate for the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered was 55,900, down by 3.6% on the estimate for May 2001 and down by 36.1% on the estimate for May 2000.

The trend estimate for the number of pigs slaughtered was 4,190, a decrease of 10.2% on the estimate for May 2001 and a decrease of 19.9% on May 2000. (See table 21).

OVERSEAS TRADE

The value of Tasmania's exports for the month of May 2002 was \$194 million, a decrease of 29% on the month of April 2002. Australia's exports for May 2002 totalled \$10,045 million, an increase of 3% on the previous month.

Tasmania's major export destinations for the month of May 2002 were Japan(\$46.1 million), Hong Kong (\$26.9 million) and United States of America (\$25.3 million). Major commodity groups exported for the month were non-ferrous metals (\$60.2 million) and metalliferous ores and scrap (\$20.6 million).

ESTABLISHED HOUSE PRICE INDEX

The Established House Price Index for Hobart increased by 2.7% in the March quarter 2002. The largest increase for the March quarter was in Brisbane (7.9%) followed by Adelaide (4.7%). In the year to March 2002, Hobart's index rose 6.2%, the second lowest of all capitals. The largest annual increases occurred in Sydney (20.0%) and Melbourne (18.3%).

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

The Consumer Price Index (All groups) for Hobart increased by 1.0% in the March quarter of 2002. For the weighted average of the eight capital cities, the index rose 0.9% for the March quarter. The highest increases for the quarter were recorded by Sydney, Brisbane and Hobart (all 1.0%).

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POPULATION

	Estimated resident population	Natural increase(a)	Net estimated migration gain	Total population growth	Annual growth rate(b)
	'000	'000	'000	'000	%
1998-99	472.0	2.7	-3.6	-0.4	-0.09
1999-00	472.1	2.1	-2.6	0.1	0.01
2000-01	472.9	2.4	-2.4	0.8	0.18
1999					
December qtr	472.3	0.5	-0.5	0.1	-0.16
2000					
March qtr	472.2	0.6	-0.8	-0.1	-0.10
June qtr	472.1	0.5	-0.8	-0.2	-0.11
September qtr	472.1	0.5	-0.7	_	-0.16
December qtr	472.3	0.4	-0.4	0.2	-0.15
2001					
March qtr	472.7	0.8	-0.6	0.4	-0.07
June qtr	472.9	0.7	-0.7	0.2	-0.01
September qtr	472.7	0.2	-0.4	-0.2	0.01
December qtr p	473.3	0.8	-0.3	0.5	0.2

⁽a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence).

Source: Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0).

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BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES(a)

	Births			Deaths	Infant	mortality(b)	Marriages	
	no.	rate(c)	no.	rate(d)	no.	rate(e)	no.	rate(f)
1998-99	6 384	1.95	3 726	6.2	41	6.4	2 483	5.3
1999-2000	5 804	1.82	3 715	6.2	38	6.6	2 648	5.6
2000-01 p	6 263	2.00	3 895	6.3	32	5.1	2 448	5.2
1999								
December qtr	1 447		929		8	5.5	678	
2000								
March qtr	1 416		847		5	3.5	910	
June qtr	1 407		917		9	6.4	733	
September qtr	1 405		954		6	4.3	364	
December qtr	1 376		1 012		8	5.8	582	
2001								
March qtr	1 775		968		9	5.1	791	
June qtr	1 707		961		9	5.3	711	
September qtr	1 173		987		11	9.4	346	
December qtr	1 765		956		3	1.7	336	

⁽a) Usual residents of Tasmania.

Source: Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0).

⁽b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

⁽b) Deaths of children under one year of age.

⁽c) Total fertility rate. The sum of age specific fertility rates (live births at each age of a mother per female population of that age). It represents the number of children a woman would bear during her lifetime if she experienced age-specific fertility rates at each age of her reproductive life.

⁽d) Standardised death rate. The overall death rate, per 1,000 persons, that would have prevailed in a standard population if it had experienced at each age the death rates of the population being studied. The standard population used in these calculations is all persons in the 1991 Australian population.

⁽e) Rate per 1,000 live births.

⁽f) Crude marriage rate is the number of marriages registered during the financial year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 31 December of that year.

		,	Seasonally adj	usted series(b)		Trend series(b)		
	Employed	Unemployed	Unemploy- ment rate	Participation rate	Employed	Unemployed	Unemploy- ment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%	'000	'000	%	%
				MALES				
2001								
June	109.9	11.8	9.7	67.2	109.4	12.3	10.1	67.2
July	109.1	12.4	10.2	67.1	109.1	12.5	10.3	67.1
August	107.1	13.0	10.8	66.3	109.0	12.7	10.4	67.2
September	109.7	13.1	10.7	67.8	109.2	12.7	10.4	67.3
October	109.9	12.4	10.1	67.5	109.6	12.6	10.3	67.5
November	110.6	12.7	10.3	68.0	110.1	12.2	10.0	67.5
December	109.7	11.5	9.5	66.9	110.3	11.8	9.7	67.4
2002								
January	110.8	11.4	9.3	67.4	110.1	11.4	9.4	67.1
February	110.6	10.5	8.6	66.8	109.6	11.3	9.3	66.7
March	108.7	11.6	9.6	66.4	109.0	11.2	9.3	66.3
April	107.7	11.0	9.3	65.5	108.5	11.3	9.4	66.0
May	106.9	12.0	10.1	65.5	108.1	11.4	9.5	65.8
June	109.2	11.4	9.5	66.4	107.9	11.5	9.7	65.8
				FEMALES				
2001								
June	88.5	6.9	7.3	49.8	88.9	7.1	7.4	50.2
July	88.4	8.3	8.5	50.5	89.1	7.3	7.5	50.3
August	89.0	7.5	7.8	50.4	89.3	7.3	7.6	50.4
September	89.9	7.6	7.7	50.8	89.5	7.3	7.5	50.5
October	90.1	6.5	6.7	50.4	89.6	7.2	7.5	50.5
November	90.3	6.6	6.8	50.5	89.4	7.2	7.5	50.4
December	88.8	7.0	7.3	50.0	89.0	7.2	7.5	50.2
2002								
January	87.6	8.2	8.5	49.9	88.7	7.2	7.5	50.0
February	88.3	8.4	8.6	50.3	88.6	7.1	7.5	49.8
March	88.9	5.9	6.2	49.4	88.8	6.9	7.3	49.8
April	88.7	6.1	6.4	49.3	89.2	6.7	7.0	49.9
May	90.2	6.3	6.5	50.2	89.6	6.6	6.8	50.0
June	90.6	7.3	7.5	50.9	90.1	6.5	6.7	50.2
				PERSONS				
2001								
June	198.3	18.7	8.6	58.3	198.3	19.3	8.9	58.4
July	197.6	20.7	9.5	58.6	198.1	19.7	9.1	58.5
August	196.1	20.5	9.5	58.1	198.3	20.0	9.1	58.6
September	199.6	20.6	9.4	59.1	198.7	20.0	9.1	58.7
October	200.1	18.9	8.6	58.7	199.2	19.8	9.0	58.7
November	200.9	19.3	8.8	59.0	199.5	19.5	8.9	58.7
December	198.5	18.6	8.6	58.2	199.3	19.0	8.7	58.5
2002								
January	198.4	19.6	9.0	58.4	198.8	18.7	8.6	58.3
February	198.9	18.8	8.6	58.3	198.2	18.4	8.5	58.0
March	197.7	17.5	8.1	57.6	197.8	18.2	8.4	57.8
April	196.4	17.1	8.0	57.2	197.7	18.0	8.4	57.7
May	197.0	18.3	8.5	57.6	197.7	18.0	8.3	57.7
June	199.8	18.7	8.6	58.4	198.0	18.0	8.3	57.8

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0). At April 2001, estimates for prior periods were revised because of some minor definitional changes.

Source: Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0).

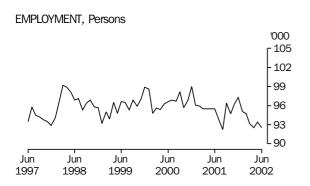
⁽b) Seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's data. The results of the review are used to compile revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates each February. Trend estimates for the most recent months are also revised each month; see Notes on page 2.

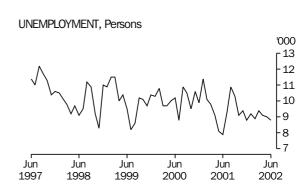
Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
'000	'000	%	%
HOBART	AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL	DIVISIONS	
51.9	6.1	10.6	66.0
51.9	5.4	9.5	65.5
48.5	5.8	10.7	62.5
48.7	5.5	10.2	63.0
49.4	5.3	9.8	63.4
I	NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVIS	SION	
34.1	3.3	8.9	69.9
34.2	3.0	8.1	69.8
32.6	2.5	7.0	68.4
32.2	2.9	8.3	67.4
32.6	2.4	6.8	66.3
MI	ERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIV	/ISION	
23.6	3.8	13.8	69.9
23.6	2.7	10.4	65.4
27.0	2.5	8.5	68.1
26.9	2.6	8.7	67.8
27.1	3.1	10.2	71.0
	TASMANIA		
109.5	13.2	10.8	68.0
109.6	11.2	9.3	66.7
108.1	10.8	9.1	65.5
107.7	11.0	9.3	65.4
109.1	10.8	9.0	66.0

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.40.001).

Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions (see table 6)





⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when

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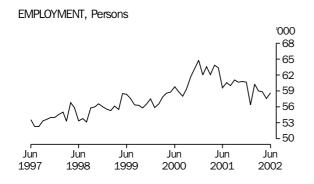
LABOUR FORCE STATUS BY REGION—FEMALES(a)(b)

	Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%
	HOBAR	T AND SOUTHERN STATISTICA	L DIVISIONS	
2000				
June	44.7	4.1	8.3	52.7
2001				
June	43.7	2.5	5.4	49.1
2002				
April	44.1	3.3	7.0	50.8
May	44.7	3.5	7.2	52.0
June	43.1	3.5	7.5	50.2
		NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVIS	IONS	
2000				
June	25.8	1.2	4.4	49.0
2001				
June	25.4	2.0	7.3	50.2
2002				
April	26.3	1.5	5.6	51.7
May	25.4	1.8	6.5	50.2
June	26.2	1.6	5.8	51.4
	M	ERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIV	ISIONS	
2000				
June	19.6	1.8	8.3	49.9
2001				
June	18.8	2.0	9.5	48.7
2002				
April	20.0	1.0	4.8	46.6
May	21.0	1.1	5.2	48.5
June	20.8	1.7	7.6	49.3
		TASMANIA		
2000				
June	90.1	7.0	7.2	51.0
2001				
June	87.9	6.5	6.8	49.3
2002				
April	90.3	5.9	6.1	50.1
May	91.0	6.4	6.6	50.7
June	90.1	6.8	7.0	50.4

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.40.001).

Northern Statistical Division (see table 6)





⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when

6

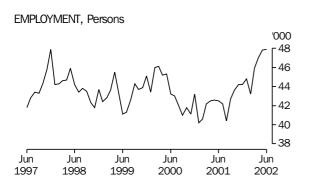
LABOUR FORCE STATUS BY REGION—PERSONS(a)(b)

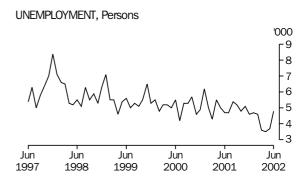
	Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%
	HOBART	AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL	DIVISIONS	
0				
ne	96.6	10.2	9.5	59.2
1				
ne	95.5	7.9	7.7	57.0
2				
ril	92.5	9.1	9.0	56.4
ay	93.4	9.0	8.8	57.3
ne	92.5	8.8	8.7	56.6
		NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVIS	SION	
0				
ne	59.8	4.5	7.0	59.3
1				
ne	59.6	5.0	7.8	59.9
2				
ril	58.9	4.0	6.4	59.9
ny	57.6	4.7	7.5	58.7
ne	58.7	4.0	6.4	58.8
	M	ERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIV	/ISION	
0				
ne	43.2	5.5	11.4	59.5
1				
ne	42.5	4.7	10.0	56.8
2				
ril	47.0	3.5	6.9	57.1
ay	47.8	3.7	7.2	57.9
ne	47.9	4.8	9.1	59.8
		TASMANIA		
0				
ne	199.6	20.2	9.2	59.3
1				
ne	197.6	17.6	8.2	57.8
2				
ril	198.4	16.6	7.7	57.6
ny	198.8	17.4	8.1	57.8
ne	199.2	17.6	8.1	58.0

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.40.001).

Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division (see table 6)





⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when

TEENAGE LABOUR MARKET(a)

	En	nployed	Unem	ployed						
	Full time	Total	Looking for full time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15–19	Unemployment rate	Unemployment population ratio	Participation rate
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%
			ATTENDING	G NEITH	ER A SCH	OOL NOR	A TERTIARY INS	STITUTION FULL TIN	ME	
2000										
June	6.3	8.3	2.1	2.3	10.6	1.8	12.4	21.7	18.6	85.5
2001										
June	7.1	9.5	1.9	2.0	11.5	1.2	12.7	17.3	15.6	90.3
2002										
April	6.9	9.4	1.4	1.5	10.8	1.5	12.3	13.4	11.8	87.8
May	6.9	9.4	1.3	1.4	10.8	1.5	12.3	13.3	11.7	87.9
June	6.1	9.2	1.4	1.6	10.8	1.3	12.1	14.4	12.9	89.3
			ATT	ENDING	SCHOOL (OR A TER	TIARY INSTITUTION	ON FULL TIME		
2000										
June	0.5	7.6	0.7	1.7	9.3	13.1	22.4	18.5	7.7	41.5
2001										
June	0.1	5.9	0.6	1.7	7.6	14.2	21.8	21.8	7.6	34.9
2002										
April	0.2	6.1	0.4	2.1	8.2	13.6	21.8	26.1	9.8	37.7
May	0.2	6.4	0.5	2.2	8.5	13.3	21.9	25.6	10.0	39.1
June	0.5	7.0	0.4	2.0	9.0	13.1	22.1	22.5	9.2	40.7
						TOT	AL			
2000										
June	6.8	15.9	2.8	4.0	19.9	14.9	34.8	20.2	11.6	57.2
2001										
June	7.2	15.4	2.5	3.6	19.1	15.4	34.5	19.1	10.6	55.3
2002										
April	7.0	15.4	1.7	3.6	19.0	15.1	34.1	18.9	10.5	55.7
May	7.1	15.7	1.8	3.6	19.3	14.8	34.1	18.8	10.6	56.6
June	6.6	16.2	1.8	3.6	19.8	14.4	34.1	18.1	10.5	57.9

⁽a) Persons aged 15–19 years. For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0). Care should be exercised when using these series as some estimates are subject to high sampling variability.

Source: Data available on request, Labour Force, Estimates; Labour Force, Teenage Employment and Unemployment, Australia, Preliminary, Data Report (cat. no. 6202.0.40.001).

	February 2001			February 2002		Proportion of all employed
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	February 2001	February 2002
	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Managers and administrators						
Generalist managers	2.3	1.7	0.4	2.1	1.1	1.1
Specialist managers	4.1	4.6	0.6	5.3	2.0	2.7
Farmers and farm managers	6.5	4.3	1.2	5.5	3.2	2.8
Total	12.9	10.6	2.2	12.8	6.4	6.5
Professionals						
Science, building and engineering professionals	4.4	4.4	0.5	4.9	2.2	2.5
Business and information professionals	5.6	3.9	1.6	5.6	2.8	2.8
Health professionals	7.8	2.3	5.6	7.9	3.9	4.0
Education professionals	7.0	2.9	5.3	8.1	3.5	4.1
Social, arts and miscellaneous professionals	5.6	3.0	2.3	5.3	2.8	2.7
Total	30.5	16.4	15.4	31.8	15.2	16.0
Associate professionals						
Science, engineering and related associate	0.0	0.7	0.5	2.2	4.4	4 7
professionals	2.8	2.7	0.5	3.3	1.4	1.7
Business and administration associate professionals	4.4	3.0	3.4	6.4	2.2	3.2
Managing supervisors (sales and service)	10.6	5.5	3.2	8.8	5.3	4.4
Health and welfare associate professionals	1.2	0.5	1.5	2.0	0.6	1.0
Other associate professionals	4.1	2.4	2.3	4.7	2.0	2.4
Total	21.8	13.7	9.5	23.1	10.9	11.7
Tradespersons and related workers						
Mechanical and fabrication engineering tradespersons	5.5	5.3	_	5.3	2.7	2.7
Automotive tradespersons	2.2	2.6	0.2	2.8	1.1	1.4
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	4.2	3.7	_	3.7	2.1	1.9
Construction tradespersons	4.8	4.7	_	4.7	2.4	2.4
Other tradespersons and related workers	9.4	5.3	2.4	7.7	4.7	3.9
Total	26.1	21.5	2.6	24.1	13.0	12.2
Advanced clerical and service workers						
Secretaries and personal assistants	2.4	0.2	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.1
Other advanced clerical and service workers	2.7	1.0	2.4	3.4	1.3	1.7
Total	5.1	1.2	4.4	5.5	2.5	2.8
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers						
Intermediate clerical workers	24.1	3.5	16.5	20.0	12.0	10.1
Intermediate sales and related workers	3.9	2.7	0.9	3.6	1.9	1.8
Intermediate service workers	13.3	2.8	10.0	12.8	6.6	6.5
Total	41.3	8.9	27.4	36.3	20.6	18.3
Intermediate production and transport workers						
Intermediate plant operators	6.2	6.1	0.2	6.3	3.1	3.2
Intermediate machine operators	2.6	1.3	0.5	1.8	1.3	0.9
Road and rail transport drivers	6.8	5.6	0.2	5.8	3.4	2.9
Other intermediate production and transport workers	3.5	2.9	0.3	3.2	1.7	1.6
Total	19.1	15.9	1.1	17.1	9.5	8.6
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers						
Elementary clerks	1.4	0.9	1.0	1.9	0.7	1.0
Elementary sales workers	19.9	6.0	13.3	19.3	9.9	9.7
Elementary service workers	2.4	1.1	0.9	2.1	1.2	1.1
Total	23.6	8.0	15.3	23.3	11.8	11.8
Labourers and related workers						
Cleaners	6.0	2.1	4.6	6.7	3.0	3.4
Factory labourers	4.5	3.8	1.4	5.1	2.2	2.6
Other labourers and related workers	9.1	8.2	4.1	12.3	4.5	6.2
Total	19.6	14.1	10.0	24.1	9.8	12.2
	200.1	110.3	87.9	198.2	100.0	100.0

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: Data available on request, Labour Force, Estimates.

			Numbor	of Employees	Percentage change from
			Number	or Employees	
	May 2001	November 2001	February 2002	May 2002	May 2001
	'000	'000	'000	'001	%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	18.1	18.9	16.5	17.4	-3.9
Mining	2.4	1.2	1.8	1.8	-25
Manufacturing	23.1	21.9	21.0	20.7	-10.4
Electricity, gas and water supply	1.6	2.3	2.0	2.2	37.5
Construction	11.0	10.3	10.6	11.3	2.7
Wholesale trade	9.5	8.1	9.4	9.4	-1.1
Retail trade	34.5	32.4	32.3	31.5	-8.7
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	9.5	10.3	10.8	9.1	-4.2
Transport and storage	9.3	8.0	7.6	8.9	-4.3
Communication services	3.3	3.0	3.7	3.0	-9.1
Finance and insurance	4.8	5.8	6.1	6.1	27.1
Property and business services	14.4	16.3	15.5	14.6	1.4
Government administration and defence	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.6	-2.8
Education	12.6	13.8	13.2	15.3	21.4
Health and community services	23.9	23.9	22.7	23.8	-0.4
Cultural and recreational services	3.9	5.8	6.2	4.9	25.6
Personal and other services	8.6	8.8	8.5	8.2	-4.7
Total all industries	201.5	201.4	198.2	198.8	-1.3

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (Cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: ABS data available on request; Labour Force Survey.

10 AVERAGE HOURS WORKED

	Average weekly tota	al hours worked, all empl	oyed persons(a)
	Males	Females	Persons
2000			
November	39.5	27.6	34.2
2001			
February	38.5	26.2	33.0
May	40.4	27.3	34.5
August	38.0	27.3	33.1
November	37.9	27.2	33.1
2002			
February	37.3	25.1	31.9

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: Data available on request; Labour Force Survey.

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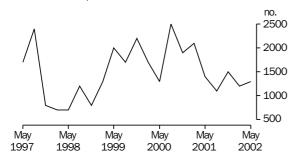
JOB VACANCIES(a)(b)

	no.	rate(c)
	'000	%
2001		
February	2.1	1.2
May	1.4	0.9
August	1.1	0.7
November	*1.5	0.9
2002		
February	1.2	0.8
May	*1.3	*0.8

- (a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Job Vacancies, Australia (cat. no. 6354.0).
- (b) Care should be exercised in using these series as some estimates are subject to high sampling variability.
- (c) Job vacancies expressed as a percentage of the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Source: Job Vacancies, Australia (cat.no. 6354.0).

JOB VACANCIES, TASMANIA



INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES(a)

	Working days lost	Twelve months ended	Working days lost per thousand employees no.
2001			
April	0.1	April	4
May	_	May	3
June	0.1	June	3
July	0.2	July	4
August	_	August	4
September	_	September	3
October	_	October	3
November	_	November	3
December	0.9	December	7
2002			
January	_	January	7
February	_	February	7
March	1.8	March	18
April	_	April	17
Twelve months ended			
April 2002	3.0		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Industrial Disputes, Australia (cat. no. 6321.0).

Source: Industrial Disputes, Australia (cat.no. 6321.0).

			Males			Females			Persons
	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All males total earnings	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All females total earnings	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All employees total earnings
				ORIG	INAL				
2000									
November	784.6	824.7	683.2	663.4	685.1	431.0	741.3	774.8	549.5
2001									
February	786.2	819.5	678.0	676.9	688.8	462.0	745.8	771.2	568.4
May	788.7	820.9	685.2	691.3	704.1	462.9	755.9	781.5	576.6
August	789.2	821.9	688.5	701.1	717.7	474.1	758.1	785.2	581.9
November	812.0	848.8	720.6	717.4	735.8	457.3	778.7	809.0	584.2
2002									
February	830.5	867.8	711.9	716.1	731.6	458.6	788.8	818.2	582.8
				TREN	ID(b)				
2000									
November	785.5	822.8	680.1	660.5	676.4	436.5	741.0	770.8	553.8
2001									
February	784.1	818.2	676.5	675.5	690.4	452.1	745.3	772.6	562.4
May	787.6	820.1	684.9	692.3	707.2	466.2	754.0	780.2	575.9
August	796.9	830.8	698.8	704.1	719.8	468.7	764.6	791.9	583.7
November	809.7	845.8	709.0	711.3	727.5	463.4	774.9	804.1	584.2
2002									
February	824.6	863.1	714.8	715.9	731.8	455.0	785.1	816.1	580.4

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

Source: Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

⁽b) ABS trend estimates for the most recent months are revised, see Notes on page 2.

			Inde	x numbers	Percentage change		
	June qtr 2001	Sep qtr 2001	Dec qtr 2001	Mar qtr 2002	Sep qtr 2001 to Dec qtr 2001	Dec qtr 2001 to Mar qtr 2002	
	SELECTED	INDUSTRIES(c)				
Manufacturing	109.9	111.1	111.8	113.0	0.6	1.1	
Retail trade	109.5	110.7	111.2	111.5	0.5	0.3	
Government administration and defence	108.9	110.2	111.1	112.1	0.8	0.9	
Education	114.2	114.6	114.7	116.3	0.1	1.4	
Health and community services	108.6	109.8	110.4	111.6	0.5	1.1	
All industries(d)	110.3	111.5	112.1	113.1	0.5	0.9	
	SELECTED	OCCUPATION	S				
Professionals	111.8	113.0	113.4	114.6	0.4	1.1	
Associate professionals	110.7	111.7	112.3	113.2	0.5	0.8	
Tradespersons & related workers	109.1	110.7	111.2	112.2	0.5	0.9	
Intermediate clerical, sales & service workers	110.2	111.1	111.8	113.1	0.6	1.2	
Intermediate production & transport workers	110.0	111.1	111.7	112.5	0.5	0.7	
Elementary clerical, sales & service workers	112.1	112.9	113.0	113.6	0.1	0.5	
Labourers & related workers	109.4	110.0	111.1	112.3	1.0	1.1	
All occupations	110.3	111.5	112.1	113.1	0.5	0.9	

⁽a) Base of each index: September quarter 1997 = 100.0.

Source: Data available on request; Wage Cost Index.

⁽b) These indexes are a measure of quarterly changes in wage and salary costs for employee jobs. They are one of four sets of indexes that together comprise the Wage Cost Index. For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Wage Cost Index, Australia (cat. no. 6345.0).

⁽c) Industry is shown at the ANZSIC division level for selected divisions.

⁽d) Excludes Agriculture, forestry and fishing.

	CPI all groups–Hobart	Price index of materials used in house building all groups–Hobart	Price index of materials used in building other than house building all groups–Hobart	Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees(b)
	%	%	%	%
1998-99	1.0	1.0	0.9	2.4
1999-2000	1.9	1.3	0.4	2.5
2000-01	5.8	1.8	0.3	3.2
2000				
March	2.6	2.0	0.6	0.6
June	3.3	3.4	1.2	6.5
September	6.5	(c)2.5	(c)-0.5	5.4
December	5.8	2.4	0.6	3.1
2001				
March	5.4	1.4	0.8	2.7
June	5.5	0.8	0.3	1.7
September	1.1	1.7	2.0	2.6
December	2.1	1.6	1.2	-4.4
2002				
March	2.3	1.8	1.2	6.1

⁽a) See note 5 on page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS).

Source: ABS data available on request; Producer Price Index (cat. no. 6427.0); Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0); Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

16 HOUSE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS(a)(b)

	Establishe	ed house price index	Proje	ect home price index
	Index	% change(c)	Index	% change(c)
1998-99	123.2	-1.8	123.3	_
1999–2000	129.0	4.7	126.2	2.4
2000-01	134.2	4.0	140.7	11.5
2000				
March	128.6	0.6	127.5	1.7
June	134.2	4.4	127.9	0.3
September	134.3	0.1	(d)140.3	(d)9.7
December	133.7	-0.4	140.3	_
2001				
March	133.8	0.1	140.5	0.1
June	135.1	1.0	141.8	0.9
September	134.9	-0.1	142.7	0.6
December	138.3	2.5	143.4	0.5
2002				
March	142.1	2.7	144.6	0.8

⁽a) Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.

Source: House Price Indexes: Eight Capital Cities (cat. no. 6416.0).

⁽b) March, June, September and December data relates to February, May, August and November survey dates as published in Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

⁽c) This quarter affected by the removal of the Wholesale Sales Tax from 1 July 2000.

⁽b) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index.

⁽c) Percentage change over previous period.

⁽d) See note 5 on page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS) introduced on 1 July 2000.

						Hobart
	Food	Clothing and Footwear	Housing	Household furnishings, supplies and services	Transportation	Alcohol and tobacco
1999						
March	125.5	104.7	95.8	119.5	118.4	161.5
June	126.8	104.6	95.9	119.4	120.4	160.0
September	126.3	104.5	96.9	119.3	123.1	158.1
December	127.5	103.9	97.4	119.1	123.8	163.3
2000						
March	127.8	104.9	98.8	120.2	126.6	167.2
June	129.1	105.0	99.2	121.2	129.3	169.9
September	130.9	112.8	105.5	124.5	133.3	179.8
December	132.0	112.9	105.8	124.6	130.4	181.6
2001						
March	134.3	110.7	106.9	125.6	131.4	185.4
June	136.0	112.2	107.2	126.6	134.6	188.6
September	135.7	109.3	107.4	127.3	131.5	189.4
December	138.2	113.9	107.8	126.9	130.4	189.5
2002						
March	140.4	110.9	109.0	127.6	131.3	191.5

				Hobart	Weighted avera	ge of eight capital cities
	Health	Education	Index, all groups	% change over previous period, all groups	Index	% change over previous period
1999						
March	164.9	198.8	122.1	-0.5	121.8	-0.1
June	165.7	198.8	122.5	0.3	122.3	0.4
September	173.3	198.8	123.3	0.7	123.4	0.9
December	172.0	198.8	124.0	0.6	124.1	0.6
2000						
March	175.1	206.2	125.3	1.0	125.2	0.9
June	177.7	206.2	126.5	1.0	126.2	0.8
September	178.0	206.5	131.3	3.8	130.9	3.7
December	177.4	206.5	131.2	-0.1	131.3	0.3
2001						
March	181.5	215.1	132.1	0.7	132.7	1.1
June	181.4	215.1	133.4	1.0	133.8	0.8
September	180.3	215.0	132.8	-0.4	134.2	0.3
December	180.5	215.0	133.9	0.8	135.4	0.9
2002						
March	185.8	221.9	135.2	1.0	136.6	0.9

⁽a) Base year: 1989-90 = 100.

Source: Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0).

⁽b) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6461.0).

⁽c) As a result of the introduction of the 14th Series Australian CPI there have been changes to some groups and restructuring of some others. See Appendix A4 of the September quarter issue of Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0) for more information.

⁽d) See Note 5 on page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS) introduced on 1 July 2000.

		Index numbers for selected major building materials							
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel			
1998-99	109.1	130.8	119.5	131.6	110.8	128.0			
1999-2000	114.4	129.1	118.1	131.6	109.6	128.8			
2000-01	120.6	132.6	117.9	131.6	107.6	129.3			
2000									
March	116.9	130.9	117.5	131.6	110.1	128.8			
June	120.7	131.6	117.5	131.6	109.8	128.8			
September(b)	120.9	131.6	117.6	131.6	106.4	129.1			
December	120.9	131.8	117.6	131.6	108.2	129.4			
2001									
March	121.4	131.8	119.4	131.6	108.2	129.4			
June	119.1	135.3	116.9	131.6	107.5	129.4			
September	122.3	135.3	117.0	131.6	107.7	129.4			
December	123.1	135.3	116.7	131.6	105.6	129.4			
2002									
March	123.2	137.6	124.0	131.6	102.5	131.0			

	Index numbers for selected major building materia							
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products	Builders hardware	Sand and aggregate	Paint and other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes and fittings	
1998-99	113.4	107.3	116.0	113.4	127.9	133.3	161.2	
1999-2000	110.5	108.5	114.0	116.0	144.0	133.7	168.2	
2000-01	107.8	116.8	114.0	119.3	147.9	135.0	185.6	
2000								
March	109.1	109.9	113.1	120.2	150.4	135.2	167.2	
June	109.1	110.1	113.1	118.1	150.9	134.2	177.0	
September(b)	107.8	110.1	113.1	117.3	145.5	131.8	177.2	
December	107.9	116.6	113.0	118.8	146.1	135.7	183.8	
2001								
March	107.8	120.3	116.1	119.6	151.6	136.2	193.1	
June	107.8	120.3	113.9	121.4	148.4	136.2	188.1	
September	107.8	120.3	113.9	123.4	147.1	137.6	183.2	
December	107.9	120.3	114.4	123.6	147.4	137.4	178.1	
2002								
March	107.9	120.3	111.4	123.3	147.4	137.6	182.0	

⁽a) Base year: 1989-90 = 100.

...continued

⁽b) This quarter affected by the removal of the Wholesale Sales Tax from 1 July 2000.

PRICE INDEX OF MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING OTHER THAN HOUSE BUILDING, 18 HOBART(a)—continued

	All	electrical materials	All n	nechanical services	All	All plumbing materials		
	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period		
1998-99	115.8	-1.2	119.0	1.7	124.5	2.1		
1999-2000	117.6	1.6	120.3	1.1	127.0	2.0		
2000-01	117.3	-0.3	118.2	-1.7	132.7	4.5		
2000								
March	118.3	0.7	120.3	0.4	128.0	1.2		
June	118.7	0.3	121.9	1.3	131.0	2.3		
September(b)	115.8	-2.4	117.3	-3.8	129.1	-1.5		
December	117.6	1.6	118.0	0.6	131.8	2.1		
2001								
March	117.8	0.2	118.4	0.3	136.0	3.2		
June	117.9	0.1	119.0	0.5	134.0	-1.5		
September	118.2	0.3	119.8	0.7	131.8	-1.6		
December	118.7	0.4	120.1	0.3	130.4	-1.1		
2002								
March	119.5	0.7	121.8	1.4	133.4	2.3		

All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services

All groups

er previous period
0.9
0.4
0.3
0.7
0.4
-1.5
1.0
0.9
-0.1
0.2
0.2
0.9

⁽a) Base year: 1989-90 = 100.

Source: Data available on request; Producer Price Index (cat. no. 6427.0).

⁽b) This quarter affected by the removal of the Wholesale Sales Tax from 1 July 2000.

			Dairy products(a)	Staff hours worked			
	Whole milk(b)	Factory butter(c)	Factory cheese	Textile manufacturing(d)	Vegetable preserving		
	million litres	tonnes	tonnes	'000	'000		
1998-99	603.4	11 546	29 973	1 061	1 084		
1999-2000	608.6	8 209	33 344	1 032	1 019		
2000-01	589.7	5 949	32 355	938	1 037		
2001							
May	40.0	290	2 490	94	119		
June	23.2	409	1 722	75	85		
July	15.6	231	564	88	94		
August	28.8	255	1 136	94	101		
September	65.4	746	4 300	83	84		
October	88.8	980	3 786	93	77		
November	87.0	1 026	3 933	98	91		
December	84.9	1 125	4 356	64	99		
2002							
January	76.9	1 063	2 693	61	40		
February	61.5	527	3 214	88	85		
March	56.5	373	3 797	77	90		
April	44.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	85	108		
May	37.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	81	99		

	Refined zinc	Metallurgical refining	Electricity
	'000 tonnes	Index(e)	million kW.h
1998-99	214.3	125.0	9 910
1999–2000	231.7	133.2	10 050
2000-01	233.1	138.4	10 150
2001			
May	22.3	139.9	
June	21.6	136.1	(June qtr) 2 620
July	18.9	132.7	
August	20.6	137.0	
September	20.9	136.2	(Sept qtr) 2 710
October	20.6	142.5	
November	19.4	137.2	
December	21.2	145.5	(Dec qtr) 2 470
2002			
January	20.6	144.1	
February	20.5	132.7	
March	21.4	144.5	(Mar qtr) 2380
April	21.7	144.3	
May	23.7	150.2	

⁽a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation.

Source: Data available on request; Employees Hours Worked Survey; Monthly Production Survey; Manufacturing Survey.

⁽b) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake.

⁽c) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil.

⁽d) Includes spinning, weaving and carpet making. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in

⁽e) Metallurgical refining index (Base year: 1979–80 = 100.0). Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979–80 manufacturing Census. For multi product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product.

		Cattle						
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves	Sheep	Lambs	Pigs		
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000		
1998-99	94.8	116.3	61.0	439.9	480.1	81.2		
1999-2000	109.0	108.9	62.1	589.9	456.3	70.1		
2000-01	90.2	94.2	49.7	364.7	416.1	57.6		
2000								
May	9.0	11.6	1.7	48.2	37.5	5.7		
2001								
May	6.6	9.2	1.0	29.0	27.4	5.0		
June	7.0	11.7	0.6	25.6	42.7	5.9		
July	6.4	6.4	1.4	17.7	35.3	4.2		
August	5.8	4.2	18.2	15.0	46.4	4.5		
September	5.0	4.0	16.2	15.8	36.3	5.1		
October	5.9	6.6	5.2	24.2	35.1	4.8		
November	7.3	6.1	1.0	25.5	38.9	4.5		
December	6.2	5.3	0.2	25.2	26.9	5.4		
2002								
January	6.5	3.9	0.1	23.3	26.2	2.9		
February	9.2	5.3	0.1	24.8	37.3	3.7		
March	7.5	7.2	0.2	25.9	33.5	4.7		
April	6.8	9.1	0.7	21.6	33.5	4.1		
May	8.3	12.4	0.8	30.3	44.9	5.1		
Source: Data available or	n request; Livestock Slaught	ered.						

21 LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERING—SEASONALLY ADJUSTED(a) AND TREND(b)

		Seaso	nally adjusted	Trend			
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs Pigs		Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	
2000							
May	22.6	84.8	5.4	21.5	87.6	5.2	
2001							
May	16.1	54.9	4.6	18.1	58.0	4.7	
June	18.0	63.9	4.6	17.5	69.5	4.6	
July	17.5	65.0	4.3	17.4	73.1	4.7	
August	17.9	90.5	4.4	17.6	75.8	4.8	
September	16.7	78.7	5.4	17.8	75.5	5.0	
October	18.9	74.3	5.2	17.8	71.2	5.0	
November	18.4	65.7	5.3	17.3	63.3	4.9	
December	17.1	50.8	5.1	16.6	55.2	4.7	
2002							
January	14.3	39.8	3.6	16.1	49.8	4.5	
February	15.9	48.7	4.1	15.8	48.4	4.3	
March	14.1	46.1	4.2	15.9	49.6	4.2	
April	17.5	53.3	4.3	16.2	52.2	4.2	
May	18.1	67.8	4.4	16.6	55.9	4.2	

⁽a) Seasonally adjusted factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The results of the review are used to compile revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates; see Notes page 2.

Source: ABS data available on request; Livestock Slaughtered.

⁽b) ABS trend estimates for the most recent months are revised; see Notes page 2.

	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pig meat(b)	Total
	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes
1998-99	53 271	1 241	8 724	9 222	5 242	77 700
1999-2000	57 557	1 236	11 796	8 833	4 403	83 825
2000-01	48 771	996	7 232	8 014	3 583	68 596
2000						
May	5 317	37	949	729	366	7 399
2001						
May	4 009	25	571	529	310	5 444
June	4 630	15	507	829	370	6 351
July	3 400	29	347	692	254	4 722
August	2 762	357	294	942	276	4 630
September	2 500	317	311	721	314	4 163
October	3 401	100	475	687	296	4 960
November	3 783	25	516	769	264	5 357
December	3 111	7	510	525	308	4 460
2002						
January	3 071	4	458	517	175	4 226
February	4 190	4	496	745	220	5 656
March	3 998	8	505	660	279	5 449
April	4 290	17	422	669	240	5 637
May	5 542	18	579	906	295	7 341

⁽a) Carcass weight.

Source: Data available on request; Livestock Slaughtered.

23 PRINCIPAL MINERAL CONCENTRATES PRODUCED

	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Lead Lead-zi		Tin	Zinc
	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes
1998-99	113.5	1 816.1	101.8	12.6	12.5	382.3
1999-2000	104.3	2 068.3	98.7	7.9	14.8	311.9
2000-01	105.4	2 027.3	40.6	_	14.8	r 143.2
2000						
March	26.2	517.7	22.4	1.4	3.3	70.4
June	23.8	502.9	19.8	1.3	3.6	60.4
September	21.6	544.2	7.7	_	3.2	26.8
December	24.9	500.7	9.7	_	3.4	33.5
2001						
March	29.3	534.9	12.1	_	3.9	43.2
June	29.5	447.5	11.2	_	4.3	39.5
September	32.5	487.8	8.9	_	3.1	35.2
December	30.9	554.1	8.4	_	3.6	37.9
2002						
March	27.9	533.5	9.9	_	2.7	33.3
Source: Mineral Resour	ces Tasmania, Departmen	t of Infrastructure, Ene	ergy and Resources.			

⁽b) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

			Tasmanian	-grown logs	delivered	Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced(a)				
	Eucalypts	Hardwoods, excluding eucalypts(b)	Plant- ation(c) softwoods	Native soft- woods(d)	Total	Eucalypts	Hardwoods, excluding eucalypts(b)	Plant- ation(c) softwoods	Native soft- woods(d)	Total
	′000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	′000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	′000 m³	'000 m³	′000 m³
1998-99	499.9	22.6	351.9	1.0	875.4	159.7	5.1	169.7	0.3	334.8
1999-2000	510.1	28.8	396.2	0.9	936.9	169.7	5.3	190.6	0.4	366.0
2000-01	468.5	24.8	369.9	2.6	865.8	157.9	6.3	174.1	0.2	338.6
2000										
March	104.3	10.0	100.7	0.4	215.3	37.8	1.3	47.8	0.1	87.0
June	137.3	7.3	98.2	0.2	243.1	39.8	1.3	47.3	0.1	88.3
September	130.7	5.0	103.8	0.3	239.9	42.4	1.7	46.6	0.1	90.9
December	118.1	4.3	82.7	0.2	205.2	41.6	1.3	41.4	_	84.3
2001										
March	105.3	6.7	91.9	1.8	205.6	37.2	1.5	42.4	0.1	81.2
June	116.3	8.8	91.5	0.2	216.9	37.4	1.8	43.6	_	82.9
September	129.8	5.6	115.9	0.1	251.4	42.1	1.8	50.9	0.1	95.0
December	115.0	8.9	94.3	0.1	218.4	37.8	2.2	48.4	0.1	88.3
2002										
March	116.2	10.3	121.6	0.3	248.5	41.6	2.7	53.6	0.1	97.9

⁽a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement.

Source: Data available on request, Forest Products Survey.

⁽b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc.

⁽c) Radiata pine.

⁽d) Includes Huon pine, Celery Top pine and King William pine.

			Materials used(c)		
	Producing locations(d)	Logs delivered(e)	Sawmill offcuts	Chipped and ground wood production	
	Troddonig roddiono(d)			'000 tonnes green	
	no.	'000 m³	'000 m³	weight	
1998-99	29	3 459.6	373.4	3 929.9	
1999-2000	30	4 526.8	452.5	5 145.3	
2000-01	29	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
2000					
March	30	1 152.1	104.6	1 308.7	
June	30	1 214.1	117.4	1 404.0	
September	31	1 259.5	104.0	1 451.7	
December	30	1 328.2	120.3	1 420.6	
2001					
March	30	1 177.9	89.4	1 236.4	
June(f)	29	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
September	28	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
December	29	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
2002					
March	29	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	

- (a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available.
- (b) With recent acquisitions, resulting in increased concentration of ownership in the woodchip industry, production data collected by the ABS are no longer releasable.
- (c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor of 0.95 m³ per tonne.
- (d) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter.
- (e) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.
- (f) From June 2001 onwards, due to confidentiality requirements, no data may be published relating to logs delivered for chipping and grinding, nor sawmill offcuts nor data on chipped and ground wood production.

Source: Data available on request, Forest Products Survey.

26 LOGS DELIVERED FOR MILLING OR CHIPPING

	Sawmillir	Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding(a)(b)					
	Crown land(c)	Private land	Total	Crown land(c)	Private land	Total	Crown land(c)	Private land	Total	
	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	′000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	
1998-99	754.2	121.2	875.4	1 562.6	1 897.0	3 459.6	2 316.7	2 018.2	4 334.9	
1999-2000	834.4	101.6	935.9	2 440.5	2 086.3	4 526.8	3 274.9	2 187.8	5 462.7	
2000-01	770.6	95.2	865.8	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
2000										
March	192.1	23.2	215.3	585.3	566.9	1 152.1	777.3	590.1	1 367.4	
June	218.0	25.1	243.1	658.1	555.9	1 214.1	876.1	581.0	1 457.1	
September	219.7	20.2	239.9	729.7	529.8	1 259.5	949.4	550.1	1 499.4	
December	184.3	20.9	205.2	779.7	548.5	1 328.2	964.0	569.5	1 533.5	
2001										
March	181.1	24.5	205.6	651.7	526.3	1 177.9	832.8	550.8	1 383.6	
June	188.4	28.5	216.9	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
September	227.6	23.8	251.4	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
December	200.7	17.9	218.6	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	
2002										
March	224.7	23.7	248.5	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	

⁽a) Logs used are generally below sawmilling standard: includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.

Source: Data available on request, ABS Forest Products Survey.

⁽b) With recent acquisitions, resulting in increased concentration of ownership in the woodchip industry, production data collected by the ABS are no longer releasable.

⁽c) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which royalties are payable to Forestry Tasmania.

									Value(e)
			Dw	elling units				residential uildings(d)	
	New houses	New other residential buildings(a)	Other dwelling units created (conversions etc.)(b)	Total dwelling units	New dwelling units	Alterations and additions to residential buildings(c)	Private	Total	Total of all building
	no.	no.	no.	no.	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
1997-98	1419	219	5	1643	142.4	38.4	82.7	125.5	306.3
1998-99	1297	104	9	1410	131.2	36.8	115.8	174.5	342.6
1999-00	1608	230	55	1893	193.4	50.7	120.7	160.6	404.7
2000-01	1108	80	11	1199	127.5	43.1	95.2	152.5	323.0
2001									
May	133	_	1	134	14.2	4.7	12.4	26.7	45.6
June	119	7	1	127	14.1	3.6	6.1	6.8	24.5
July	113	4	1	118	12.6	3.9	9.6	9.9	26.4
August	143	4	2	149	15.8	5.3	10.0	11.3	32.4
September	145	45	_	190	22.0	5.4	9.4	10.7	38.1
October	165	4	1	170	18.1	4.4	24.3	29.0	51.4
November	169	_	1	170	18.6	5.3	7.5	12.0	35.9
December	156	2	2	160	15.9	3.3	6.4	27.4	46.6
2002									
January	223	60	1	284	30.2	3.7	6.1	8.2	42.0
February	140	8	3	151	16.0	4.0	8.5	11.8	31.8
March	166	1	_	167	19.6	4.6	8.3	13.2	37.4
April	153	12	_	165	17.3	3.3	4.1	7.0	27.5
May	161	4	_	165	19.8	4.6	11.3	11.6	36.0

⁽a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Source: Building Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0).

⁽b) From alterations and additions to residential building, conversions of non-residential building to residential building etc.

⁽c) Valued at \$10,000 and over. Includes conversions and dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions or as part of the construction of non-residential building.

⁽d) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$50,000 and over.

⁽e) Value data from July 2000 reference month onward are recorded inclusive of GST. See cat. no. 8731.0 or page 2 of this publication for more

		Total number of	dwellings(a)		Total value of comr	mitments(b)
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	no.	no.	no.	\$m	\$m	\$m
2001						
May	1 132	983	978	89	79	77
June	963	1 004	974	79	86	79
July	875	938	973	70	68	81
August	1 097	989	982	91	86	82
September	911	990	1 011	79	87	85
October	1 070	1 002	1 059	91	87	89
November	1 181	1 131	1 106	99	94	93
December	1 080	1 164	1 136	89	88	96
2002						
January	1 080	1 253	1 143	93	113	97
February	1 078	1 087	1 130	94	97	97
March	1 091	1 108	1 109	93	92	96
April	1 005	980	1 088	87	87	94
May	1 303	1 128	1 065	108	97	93

⁽a) Includes new dwellings, established dwellings and refinancing. Excludes alterations and additions.

Source: Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (cat. no. 5609.0).

29 PRIVATE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY TYPE OF ASSET AND INDUSTRY (a)(b)(c)—ORIGINAL

	-		Asset	Indus			
	Buildings and structures	Equipment, plant and machinery	Total asset	Mining	Manufacturing	Other selected industries	Total all industries
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
1998–99	130	345	475	48	144	283	475
1999-2000	70	385	456	53	128	275	456
2000-01	91	425	516	85	152	279	516
2000							
March	14	74	88	14	25	49	88
June	28	130	157	20	36	101	157
September	30	100	130	35	35	61	130
December	24	117	141	15	40	86	141
2001							
March	21	84	105	11	30	64	105
June	16	124	140	24	47	68	140
September	54	109	163	14	37	111	163
December	88	93	181	11	38	132	181
2002							
March	121	108	229	16	33	180	229

⁽a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only — mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.

Source: Private New Capital Expenditure, State Estimates (cat. no. 5646.0).

⁽b) Commitment is a firm offer of housing finance. It either has been, or is normally expected to be, accepted. Includes commitments to provide housing finance to employees and commitments accepted and cancelled in the same month. Excludes alterations and additions. Includes

⁽b) Current prices.

⁽c) See cat. no. 5625.0 or page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS) introduced on 1 July 2000.

					Deposits
	Current bearing interest	Current not bearing interest	Term	Investment savings accounts	Statement savings accounts
	\$ <i>m</i>	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
2001					
March	1 332	295	1 243	279	251
April	1 338	296	1 132	281	255
May	1 322	287	1 214	283	266
June	1 382	289	1 106	292	275
July	1 372	283	1 267	294	284
August	1 376	260	1 228	293	293
September	1 409	260	1 235	295	302
October	1 427	269	1 235	298	311
November	1 437	274	1 193	302	310
December	1 494	299	1 241	302	320
2002					
January	1 504	292	1 236	303	322
February	1 530	300	1 242	303	325
March	1 557	305	1 309	303	332

			Deposits	
	Passbook/school savings accounts	Other	Total	Loans(b)
	\$ <i>m</i>	\$m	\$m	\$m
2001				
March	39	98	3 536	5 232
April	39	92	3 433	5 228
May	39	94	3 505	5 427
June	40	105	3 489	5 327
July	40	101	3 641	5 375
August	40	102	3 592	5 415
September	40	104	3 645	5 387
October	41	106	3 687	5 451
November	41	107	3 664	5 470
December	41	106	3 803	5 482
2002				
January	42	105	3 804	5 512
February	42	115	3 857	5 556
March	42	110	3 958	5 540

⁽a) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the Banking Act together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank.

Source: Reserve Bank of Australia.

⁽b) Excludes non-resident loans.

	Establish- ments	Guest rooms	Bed spaces	Persons employed	Room nights occupied	Room occupancy rate	Guest nights	Bed occupancy rate	Guest arrivals	Takings from accommodation(b)
	no.	no.	no.	no.	'000	%	'000	%	'000	\$'000
				LICENSE	D HOTELS V	VITH FACILITII	ES			
2001										
March qtr	54	2 915	7 999	2 822	174.3	66.4	292.1	40.6	170.1	17 081
2002										
January	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	51.6	57.5	93.5	38.0	50.9	4 957
February	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	54.2	66.7	89.9	40.4	50.4	5 115
March	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	61.1	68.0	102.6	41.7	57.1	5 673
March qtr	53	2 899	7 945	2 700	169.9	64.0	286.0	40.0	158.4	15 745
			M	OTELS AND	GUEST HOU	SES WITH FA	CILITIES			
2001										
March qtr	49	1 667	5 163	721	102.4	68.2	202.1	43.5	109.5	9 553
2002										
January	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	32.0	62.5	68.6	43.2	35.8	3 086
February	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	31.8	68.8	61.1	42.6	33.2	2 887
March	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	35.4	69.3	70.2	44.2	38.7	3 243
March qtr	49	1 650	5 124	695	99.2	66.8	199.9	43.3	107.7	9 216
				SE	RVICED APA	RTMENTS				
2001										
March qtr	25	880	3 224	437	58.4	73.8	133.9	46.2	58.6	7 088
2002										
January	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	20.6	65.7	53.9	51.1	21.7	2 580
February	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	19.3	68.2	41.1	43.1	17.9	2 201
March	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	22.8	73.0	49.5	46.9	21.5	2 682
March qtr	26	1 009	3 407	531	62.7	69.0	144.5	47.1	61.1	7 463
				TOT	AL ESTABLI	SHMENTS				
2001										
March gtr	128	5 462	16 386	3 980	335.1	68.2	628.2	42.6	338.1	33 722
2002										
January	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	104.2	60.5	216.0	42.3	108.5	10 623
February	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	105.2	67.6	192.0	41.6	101.5	10 203
March	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	119.4	69.3	222.4	43.5	117.4	11 598
March gtr	128	5 558	16 476	3 926	328.8	65.7	630.4	42.5	327.3	32 424
•										

⁽a) Comprising establishments with 15 or more rooms or units. For explanation of terms and concepts refer to Tourist Accommodation, Australia (cat. no. 8635.0).

Source: Tourist Accommodation, Australia (cat. no. 8635.0). For more detailed information, see Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Tasmania (cat. no. 8635.6.40.001).

⁽b) 'Takings from accommodation' after 1 July 2000 are recorded inclusive of GST. See cat. no. 8635.0 or page 2 of this publication for more details.

					Tasm	anian National Pa	ark attendance
	Cradle Mountain(b) (Lake Dove)	Lake St Clair(b) (Cynthia Bay)	Freycinet(b)	Mt Field(b)	Narawntapu(c) (Bakers Beach)	Mole Creek Karst(d) (Marakoopa Cave)	Maria Island(e) (Darlington)
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
2001–02	198 500	107 800	p 274 000	133 900	35 800	26 103	12 275
2001							
June	7 200	3 300	9 300	5 600	1 400	1 394	477
July	8 700	3 000	8 500	5 500	1 600	948	96
August	5 000	2 200	8 900	7 000	1 000	1 132	280
September	10 300	5 200	12 800	6 900	1 900	2 324	843
October	12 700	7 700	20 800	8 600	r 2 700	2 151	870
November	16 500	8 700	23 400	9 800	3 400	2 041	946
December	22 400	10 900	34 700	15 200	r 4 200	3 647	1 367
2002							
January	35 200	19 200	49 000	24 100	r 6 700	4 458	2 104
February	24 400	14 200	35 300	15 900	r 4 000	2 235	1 782
March	24 700	16 400	34 400	15 700	5 000	2 444	2 025
April	22 100	12 100	24 700	12 900	r 2 500	2 380	1 222
May	7 300	5 000	12 500	6 800	r 1 300	998	616
June	7 100	3 400	p 8 800	4 700	1 500	1 345	451

⁽a) A 'person entry' occurs whenever a visitor enters a National Park. Freycinet data, in particular, reflects repeat entries. Measurement occurs at the designated sites in brackets.

Source: Tasmanian Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

33 TRACKS IN NATIONAL PARKS, WALKER REGISTRATIONS(a)

	Overland(b)	South Coast(c)	Freycinet(d)	Port Davey(c)	Frenchmans Cap
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
2001-02	p 7 482	n.y.a	3 512	n.y.a	685
2001					
June	141	2	96	1	7
July	94	2	81	2	7
August	39	3	78	3	10
September	124	4	164	3	16
October	218	22	256	2	23
November	731	71	353	40	25
December	1 288	231	236	29	122
2002					
January	1 358	324	807	53	129
February	r 1 341	p 193	359	62	101
March	r 1 319	rp 145	446	r 18	101
April	p 726	rp 53	273	11	109
May	p 175	p 5	307	r 1	22
June	p 69	n.y.a	152	n.y.a	20

⁽a) Numbers include only walkers who registered and represented their intention.

Source: Tasmanian Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

⁽b) Estimated through a combination of traffic and booth counts.

⁽c) Estimated through traffic counts.

⁽d) Number of people taken on a guided tour.

⁽e) The sum of ferry arrivals only. From July 2000, excludes estimated plane passengers.

⁽b) Sum of registrations at Cradle Mt and Lake St Clair.

⁽c) Sum of registrations to walk the length of the track in any direction, irrespective of starting point.

⁽d) All overnight walkers registered in the park.

	Passenger vehicles	Other vehicles	Total	Change from corresponding month of previous year
	no.	no.	no.	%
		ORIGINAL		
1999–2000	9 236	4 708	13 944	
2000-01	9 944	4 693	14 637	
2001-02	9 467	5 295	14 762	
2001				
June	711	465	1 176	12.6
July	696	376	1 072	-8.7
August	785	392	1 177	-13.6
September	720	324	1 044	-19.3
October	851	406	1 257	6.6
November	951	476	1 427	11.5
December	1 424	449	1 873	-2.7
2002				
January	645	344	989	3.7
February	677	413	1 090	3.1
March	636	457	1 093	-7.8
April	672	431	1 103	20.7
May	737	606	1 343	18.0
June	673	621	1 294	10.0
		TREND		
1999-2000	9 227	4 720	13 947	
2000-01	9 803	4 694	14 497	
2001-02	9 564	5 278	14 842	
2001				
June	727	372	1 099	-2.7
July	714	375	1 089	-5.9
August	722	385	1 107	-6.8
September	753	401	1 154	-5.3
October	795	419	1 214	-2.7
November	832	435	1 267	_
December	854	448	1 302	2.4
2002				
January	855	455	1 310	3.5
February	840	458	1 298	3.8
March	820	462	1 282	5.1
April	804	469	1 273	8.1
May	792	479	1 271	12.3
June	783	492	1 275	16.0

⁽a) This table is new and replaces the Registration of New Motor Vehicles table. The Australian Bureau of Statistics is no longer collecting and disseminating statistics relating to the registration of new motor vehicles. For more information please refer to the paper: Developments in New Motor Vehicle Statistics, 2001 (cat. no. 9313.0).

Source: Sales of New Motor Vehicles (cat. no. 9314.0).

	_							Trend
								Total(d)
	Original	Food retailing	Clothing and soft good retailing	Household good retailing	Recreational good retailing	Hospitality and services		Change from corresponding month of previous year
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%
1998-99	3170.1	1352.1	185.1	337.2	200.3	434.3	3175.0	_
1999-2000	3278.5	1397.8	163.3	366.1	211.0	475.0	3253.9	2.5
2000-01	3405.8	1480.5	172.9	409.3	211.6	483.1	3412.9	4.9
2001								
May	286.0	127.7	15.5	34.8	17.6	41.9	291.5	8.9
June	276.5	127.9	15.6	34.2	17.9	41.8	290.6	8.3
July	268.9	127.7	15.7	33.8	18.1	41.5	289.7	6.0
August	279.2	127.1	15.9	33.7	18.4	41.0	289.5	5.3
September	272.0	126.6	16.3	34.0	18.6	40.5	290.4	4.9
October	290.5	126.3	16.8	34.4	18.9	40.1	292.4	4.7
November	310.7	126.3	17.4	35.0	19.1	39.8	294.9	4.7
December	378.8	126.9	17.9	35.7	19.3	39.3	297.5	4.6
2002								
January	304.3	127.8	18.1	36.4	19.5	38.9	300.1	4.4
February	277.1	129.0	18.3	37.0	19.7	38.5	302.6	4.4
March	308.5	130.2	18.5	37.6	19.8	38.2	305.0	4.7
April	294.3	131.3	18.6	38.1	19.8	38.1	307.3	5.3
May	309.9	132.2	18.7	38.5	19.8	38.0	309.4	6.1

⁽a) Excludes motor vehicles, parts, petrol, etc.

Source: Retail Trade, Australia (cat. no. 8501.0).

⁽b) ABS retail seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for earlier periods are revised each month. See cat. no. 8501.0 for more details.

⁽c) Data from July 2000 reference month onwards are recorded inclusive of GST. See cat. no. 8501.0 and page 2 of this publication for more details. A break in the trend series occurred between June and July 2000 because of the impact of The New Tax System on retail turnover.

⁽d) Includes Department stores and Other retailing.

				Tasmania	nia Australia			
	Imports	Imports change over preceding period	Exports	Exports change over preceding period	Imports	Imports change over preceding period	Exports(b)	Exports change over preceding period
	\$m	%	\$m	%	\$m	%	\$m	%
1998-99	407	6	2 019	-5	97 611	8	85 991	-2
1999-2000	440	8	2 215	10	110 078	13	97 286	13
2000-01	524	19	2 435	10	118 317	7	119 539	23
2001								
May	51	82	222	5	9 979	4	10 696	4
June	34	-33	205	-8	9 510	-5	10 621	-1
July	36	7	200	-2	9 718	2	10 584	_
August	46	27	190	-5	10 613	9	10 493	-1
September	37	-20	170	-10	9 693	-9	10 605	1
October	44	21	202	19	11 519	19	10 794	2
November	52	17	185	-9	r 10 482	-9	10 122	-6
December	50	-3	190	3	9 138	-13	r 10 191	1
2002								
January	r 69	r 38	177	-7	r 9 351	2	r 8 970	-12
February	42	r –39	147	-17	r 9 618	3	r 9 310	4
March	29	-32	257	75	r 9 619	_	r 10 498	13
April	32	r 11	r 275	r 7	r 10 145	5	r 9790	-7
May	47	48	194	-29	10 163	_	10 045	3

⁽a) It is difficult to get a complete picture of Tasmania's trade performance as imports recorded by the ABS include only goods imported directly into the State from overseas, and reported by the Australian Customs Service. Many of Tasmania's goods imported for direct consumption, or input into further processing industries, arrive via interstate ports, and are not included in this table.

Source:Data available on request, International Trade.

37 MERCHANDISE EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY-ORIGINAL

	_	Europea	an Community					East Asia	
	United States of America	United Kingdom	Total European Community	Japan	Korea	Taiwan	Hong Kong	ASEAN(a)	Total all countries
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1998-99	235 787	28 691	278 037	466 626	101 177	150 071	152 533	353 441	2 019 182
1999-2000	202 831	19 228	309 082	489 037	133 553	207 233	201 348	383 690	2 214 523
2000-01	229 841	37 169	154 043	573 314	183 972	214 042	252 793	390 642	2 435 416
2001									
May	28 945	3 672	8 194	44 978	14 532	25 388	23 868	35 553	222 421
June	22 157	2 247	10 659	77 937	18 071	11 386	14 221	20 044	205 284
July	38 008	3 579	6 536	40 356	8 414	12 956	21 324	34 025	200 266
August	25 959	3 107	9 253	52 300	12 354	15 035	24 080	31 533	190 330
September	19 735	303	10 075	36 565	13 186	11 584	20 535	29 418	170 447
October	24 307	420	4 445	60 304	20 206	14 927	15 957	30 841	202 475
November	24 659	6 257	13 630	44 470	11 887	10 851	27 104	r 23 947	r 184 916
December	37 009	2 177	7 653	41 625	6 856	12 471	24 656	r 30 445	r 190 126
2002									
January	11 023	1 271	4 413	43 055	r 30 603	11 739	r 19 866	r 29 429	r 177 459
February	9 354	4 668	r 16 701	47 267	8 385	5 908	r 16 906	r 20 826	r 146 820
March	41 669	r 1 817	r 16 171	r 48 870	49 124	r 12 688	r 23 882	r 30 194	r 256 712
April	r 14 859	r 5 464	r 20 553	r 34 798	r 28 428	r 16 283	r 18 202	r 37 469	r 275 466
May	25 263	2 676	11 082	46 120	13 575	9 823	26 909	23 841	194 412

⁽a) ASEAN member countries are: Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam.

Source: Data available on request, International Trade.

⁽b) Includes re-exports.

	Meat and meat preparations	Dairy product & eggs	Fish, crustaceans and molluscs	Vegetables and fruit	Wood and woodchips(a)	Textile fibres and wastes	Metallic ores and metal scrap
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1998-99	65 026	102 709	136 268	54 907	296 164	24 999	278 001
1999-2000	88 298	64 573	145 484	44 689	303 340	22 358	242 584
2000-01	88 773	101 006	176 737	49 788	31 816	21 248	242 366
2001							
May	9 299	8 684	11 835	8 761	2 450	131	25 216
June	8 240	7 336	10 439	3 562	1 877	131	32 769
July	8 153	10 429	13 218	3 150	3 177	977	17 881
August	6 753	11 563	21 281	3 229	2 416	935	9 128
September	5 598	5 918	14 068	759	2 327	1 166	11 303
October	7 229	6 504	13 007	1 595	2 930	951	20 125
November	6 389	8 821	17 589	1 090	2 899	2 010	r 19 535
December	6 168	6 903	23 199	1 317	6 032	1 905	r 10 875
2002							
January	6 253	8 033	r 15 478	1 646	1 896	1 203	r 23 215
February	6 782	11 100	r 16 258	r 4 424	4 077	r 4 394	r 6 258
March	r 6 492	10 878	r 12 725	r 10 022	r 4 159	6 619	17 295
April	r 4 232	r 9 450	r 12 746	r 15 926	r 3 525	1 030	r 14 163
May	4 972	9 645	8 451	9 535	6 802	633	20 623

	Paper and paperboard	Iron and steel	Non-ferrous metals	Road vehicles and transport equipment	Other and combined confidential items(b)	Total all commodity groups
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1998-99	4 130	95 265	544 311	173 015	244 387	2 019 182
1999-2000	9 932	10 216	681 903	213 836	387 310	2 214 523
2000-01	3 444	4 209	793 286	107 374	815 368	2 435 416
2001						
May	89	338	78 422	701	76 495	222 421
June	393	273	55 548	2 248	82 467	205 284
July	110	338	77 267	90	65 477	200 266
August	364	182	73 535	1 563	59 380	190 330
September	223	570	65 584	653	62 279	170 447
October	784	227	59 151	1 882	88 091	202 475
November	159	451	52 170	354	73 447	r 184 916
December	1 823	203	48 803	479	82 421	r 190 126
2002						
January	2 188	255	r 65 173	659	51 462	r 177 459
February	2 076	67	32 634	304	58 446	r 146 820
March	3 195	106	r 88 446	r 19 692	r 77 082	r 256 712
April	r 1 454	162	r 69 143	r 79 581	r 64 054	r 275 466
May	635	88	60 220	320	72 487	194 412

⁽a) Hardwood woodchips exports are confidential for Tasmania from June 2000.

Source: Data available on request, International Trade.

⁽b) Includes medical & pharmaceutical products from January 2002.

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	Aust.(a)
Population							
Estimated resident population, December 2001 ('000) p	6 642.9	4 854.1	3 670.5	1 518.9	1 918.8	473.3	19 603.5
Proportion of Australian population, December 2001 (%) p	33.9	24.8	18.7	7.7	9.8	2.4	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to December 2001 (%) p	1.1	1.3	1.9	0.5	1.3	0.2	1.3
Labour force							
Employment growth, 12 months to June 2002 (trend series)(%)							
Males	1.3	1.2	4.0	2.9	2.8	-1.4	2.0
Females	0.4	2.3	1.1	3.2	1.5	1.3	1.3
Persons	0.9	1.7	2.7	3.0	2.3	-0.2	1.7
Unemployment rate (trend series), June2002 (%)	6.1	5.8	7.4	6.7	6.0	8.3	6.3
Unemployment growth, 12 months to June 2002 (trend series) (%)	4.4	-6.1	-11.7	-8.6	-17.8	-6.7	-7.0
Participation rate (trend series), June 2002 (%)	62.6	63.6	64.9	61.1	66.5	57.8	63.6
Job vacancy rate, May 2002 (%)	1.2	1.3	0.7	1.3	*1.2	*0.8	1.2
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to April 2002 (days per '000 employees)	59	66	30	31	31	17	48
Wages and prices							
Average weekly full-time adult employees' total earnings (trend series) February 2002(\$)							
Males	1 017.90	947.70	895.00	894.00	981.80	863.10	961.30
Females	814.10	790.20	733.60	753.20	744.60	731.80	782.60
Persons	941.60	894.00	835.40	848.80	897.20	816.10	897.30
Average weekly full-time adult employees' total earnings, growth (trend), 12 months to Feb 2002 (%)	5.8	8.4	4.9	4.5	3.8	5.6	5.8
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to March qtr 2002 (%)(b)	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.3	5.4	6.0
Building							
% change in the number of total dwelling units approved (original), in the 12 months ended May 2002,							
— over the same period previous year	43.9	37.6	42.4	62.9	34.2	73.9	41.5
— May 2001 to May 2002	36.0	21.1	-1.6	38.4	10.8	23.1	18.9
For footnotes see end of table.							continued

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	Aust.(a)
Private investment and retail trade							
% change in private new capital expenditure, 12 months ended December 2001 over the same period previous year (original)	-16.2	-4.3	-12.8	-9.2	20.1	14.1	-5.1
% change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, May 2002 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	5.8	8.4	6.8	12.5	11.5	6.1	7.8
Transport							
% change in number of sales of new motor vehicles in the 12 months ended June 2002 over the same period previous year, (trend)(c)	1.5	2.8	4.9	3.5	-0.4	2.4	2.3
Agriculture							
% change in the number of livestock slaughtered 12 months ended May 2002 over the							
Tourism — room occupancy rates							
Hotels, motels & guest houses, & serviced apartments with facilities, March quarter 2002 (%)	59.2	60.6	58.4	59.8	54.9	65.7	58.6
Australian National and State Accounts							
% change in Domestic (State) Final Demand(d), Chain Volume measures (trend series)							
Dec qtr 2001 to March qtr 2002	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.4	0.6	1.7	1.3
Mar qtr 2001 to Mar qtr 2002	3.7	6.0	5.0	6.0	5.9	6.3	5.3

⁽a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT, with the exception of Agriculture, which excludes both.

⁽b) CPI applies to State capitals.

⁽c) This data is new and replaces the Registration of New Motor Vehicles data. The Australian Bureau of Statistics is no longer collecting and disseminating statistics relating to the registration of new motor vehicles. For more information please refer to the paper: Developments in New Motor Vehicle Statistics, 2001 (cat. no. 9313.0).

⁽d) Total of four types of expenditure: Private investment, Private consumption, Government investment, Government consumption.

	Unit	Greater Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions	Northern Statistical Division	Mersey–Lyell Statistical Division	Tasmania
Area(a)	km ²	25 616	19 980	22 523	68 121
Population					
Estimated resident population, 30 June 1996	no.	230 187	134 047	110 209	474 443
Estimated resident population, 30 June 2001	no.	229 256	133 106	107 910	470 272
Births 2000(b)	no.	2 728	1 552	1 394	5 692
Deaths 2000(b)	no.	1 712	1 136	850	3 711
Labour force (original), June 2002					
Total employed	no.	92 500	58 700	47 900	199 200
Total unemployed	no.	8 800	4 000	4 800	17 600
Unemployment rate	%	8.7	6.4	9.1	8.1
Participation rate	%	56.6	58.8	59.8	58.0
Schools, 2000(c)					
Government	no.	99	58	58	215
Non-government	no.	34	17	16	67
Full-time equivalent School students, 2000(c)					
Government					
Males	no.	15 415.8	9395.0	7 805.3	32 616.1
Females	no.	14 865.6	9 492.4	7 597.5	31 955.5
Total	no.	30 281.4	18 887.4	15 402.8	64 571.6
Non-government					
Males	no.	5 825.2	2 479.1	2 022.2	10 326.5
Females	no.	6 132.9	2 423.5	1 919.2	10 475.6
Total	no.	11 958.1	4 902.6	3 941.4	20 802.1
Educational qualification, 1996 Census(d)					
Bachelor degree or higher(e)	no.	17 058	7 152	3 908	28 184
Undergraduate diploma	no.	5 893	3 268	2 181	11 374
Associate diploma	no.	3 773	1 902	1 466	7 184
Skilled vocational	no.	16 255	10 040	8 841	35 238
Basic vocational	no.	4 548	2 632	2 305	9 515
Agriculture					
Establishments with agricultural activity, 1999–2000 season	no.	1 123	1 597	1 710	4 430
Total area of establishments	ha.	648 148	835 793	309 599	1 793 540
Crops, production, 1999–2000 season	na.	0+0 1+0	000 100	303 333	1 755 540
Potatoes	tonnes	4 197	103 197	159 778	267 172
Onions	tonnes	- 131	18 350	44 365	62 716
Apples	tonnes	44 900	4 592	8 044	57 537
Barley	tonnes	5 443	15 362	1 376	22 181
Livestock, 1999–2000 season	6011100	0 110	10 002	10.0	22 101
Meat cattle	no.	49 738	162 071	198 800	410 610
Milk cattle	no.	5 053	80 396	120 552	206 000
Sheep and lambs	no.	1 351 885	1 807 545	181 248	3 340 678
Pigs	no.	1 761	11 360	4 427	17 548
Gross value of agricultural production, 1999–2000	\$m	146	258	287	691
For footnotes see end of table.					continued

	-	reater Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions	Northern Statistical Division	Mersey–Lyell Statistical Division	Tasmania
Building, 2000–2001					
Total dwelling units approved	no.	632	346	218	1 196
Value of total residential building approved	\$'000	91 130	47 635	31 978	170 742
Value of total building approved	\$'000	173 164	93 717	56 423	323 304
Dwellings, Census 1996					
Total dwellings	no.	98 815	57 467	45 529	201 820
Occupied private dwellings	no.	85 255	49 759	40 183	175 197
Fully owned	no.	34 338	21 563	18 359	74 260

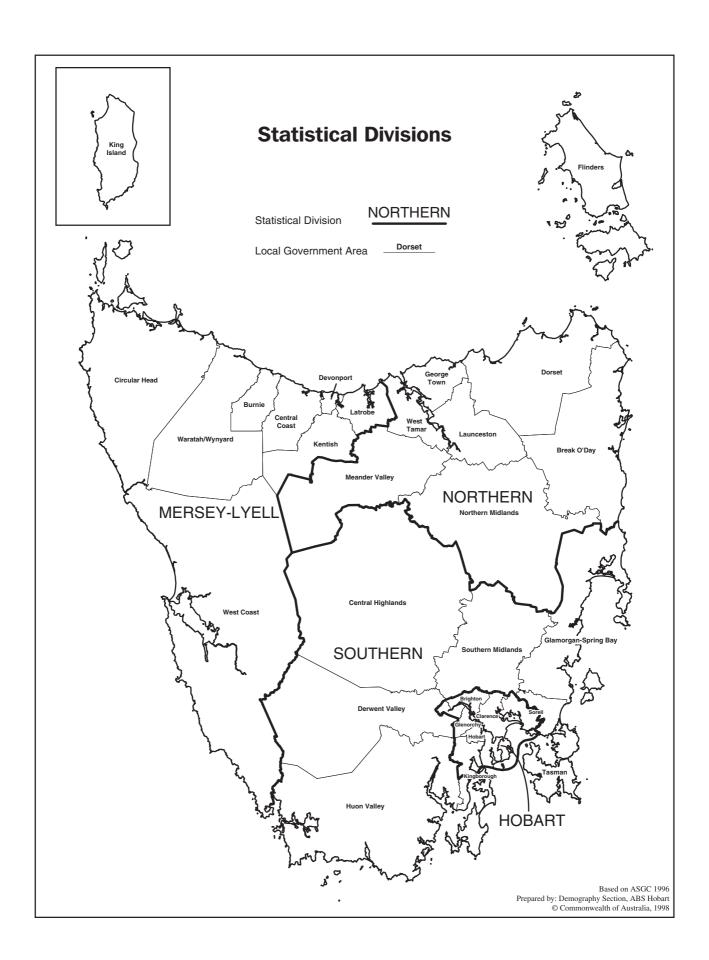
⁽a) Source: Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

⁽b) Births and deaths are based on usual residence year of registration. Total Tasmania includes usual residence other than Tasmanian Statistical Divisions.

⁽c) Source: DETYA and Tasmanian Department of Education.

⁽d) Total includes migratory statistical division.

⁽e) Includes higher degree, postgraduate diploma and bachelor degree.



FOR MORE INFORMATION...

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